

# off the fence.

## Seasons In The Wild

2 x 60'

EPISODIC BREAKDOWN

### 1. Spring

The air has lost its winter chill. For many animals it is the end of a long siesta. Torpor and hibernation are two of nature's most ingenious ways to cope with changes in climate, food supply and energy. Groundhogs make their way through the last snows; sleepy frogs execute their first careful moves and brown bears spring-clean, removing fallen branches from the entrances to their dens to clear the way for young and old.

It's a giant leap back to life and spring time's just the right time to welcome a new generation into the world.

### 2. Fall

Autumn's effects are inescapable: it is the season with the most enduring influence on the inhabitants of the world's temperate climate regions. The changes to nature autumn causes manifest themselves in a myriad of different ways, from the explosion of colour of North America's Indian summer to the blood-curdling mating cries of Tasmanian devils.